Workshop

Week 2

October 25, 2024

1. Compute the supremum and infimum f the following sets. Justify.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{(a)} & \left\{ \frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 + 1} : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\} \\ \text{(b)} & \left\{ \frac{n}{3n + 1} : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\} \\ \text{(c)} & \left\{ \frac{1}{n} + (-1)^n : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\} \\ \text{(d)} & \left\{ x \in \mathbb{Q} : q^3 \leq 3 \right\} \\ \text{(e)} & \left\{ x \in \mathbb{Q} : x \geq 0 \text{ and } x^2 \leq 10 \right\} \\ \text{(f)} & \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 + x + 1 \geq 0 \right\} \\ \text{(g)} & \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 + x + 1 < 0 \right\} \\ \text{(h)} & \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : |2x + 1| < 5 \right\} \end{array}$$

2. Determine if the following sets are dense in \mathbb{R} .

(a) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : x < 100\}$ (b) $\mathbb{R} - [0, 2]$ (c) $\mathbb{Q} - \{0\}$

3. (a) Show that if
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} |a_n| = 0$$
, then $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n = 0$.
(b) Use (a) to prove that $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} = 0$.