## Homework 3

## Week 3

## November 1, 2024

- 1. (a) (10 points) Prove that if 0 < a < 2, then  $a < \sqrt{2a} < 2$ .
  - (b) (25 points) Show that the following sequence converges

$$\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}}}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}}}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}}}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}}} \cdots$$

- (c) (5 points) Find the limit. Hint: Note that  $(x_{n+1})^2 = 2x_n$ , where  $x_n$  denotes the *n* term of the sequence.
- 2. Give an example of each of the following, or state that such a request is impossible by referencing the proper theorem(s).
  - (a) (8 points) Sequences  $(x_n)$  and  $(y_n)$  which both diverge but  $(x_n + y_n)$  converges.
  - (b) (8 points) Sequences  $(x_n)$  and  $(y_n)$  where  $(x_n)$  converges and  $(y_n)$  diverges but  $(x_n + y_n)$  converges.
  - (c) (8 points) A convergent sequence  $(x_n)$  with  $x_n \neq 0$  for all n such that  $\left(\frac{1}{x_n}\right)$  diverges.
  - (d) (8 points) An unbounded sequence  $(x_n)$  and a convergent sequence  $(y_n)$  such that  $(x_n y_n)$  is bounded.
  - (e) (8 points) Sequences  $(x_n)$  and  $(y_n)$  where  $(x_n)$ ,  $(x_ny_n)$  converge but  $(y_n)$  diverges.
- 3. (20 points) Prove that for all real number  $L \in (0, 1)$ , exists a sequence of rational numbers  $(a_n)$  such that  $a_n \in (0, 1)$  and  $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n = L$ .