

Introduction to Computer Science

Laboratory 2

October 24, 2024

1. Given the following C program, try to **manually follow** the execution and the state of each variable. What will be shown to the standard output when executing the program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    int v1 = 5;
    int v2;
    if(v1 > 0) {
        v2 = 4;
        printf("%d", v2);
    }
    else {
        v2 = 3;
        printf("%d", v2);
    }
    v2 = 7;
    printf("%d", v2);
}
```

2. Can you find a difference between these two C programs? If yes, give an input value that shows this difference when executed.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    int number;
    scanf("%d", &number);
    if(number >= 10) {
        printf("The number %d is greater or equal than 10",
number);
    }
    else {
        printf("The number %d is less than 10", number);
    }
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    int number;
    scanf("%d", &number);
    if(number >= 10) {
```

```

        printf("The number %d is greater or equal than 10",
number);
    }
    if(number <= 10) {
        printf("The number %d is less than 10", number);
    }
}

```

3. Write a C program that asks the user for an integer value (representing a year) and then prints out a message. If the year given by the user is between the foundation of GTIIT (2015) and the current year (2024), then the resulting message should be "Hello from GT!". If the year is earlier than 2015, then the program prints out "GT doesn't exist yet...". Finally, the program should print "Hello from future!" in any other case.
4. Write each of the following C programs with your text editor of choice and try to compile them. Why does the compiler give an error, and what is the error in each of them?

```

#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    int v1 = 5;
    if(v1 > 0) {
        int v2 = 4;
    }
    else {
        int v2 = 3;
    }
    printf("%d", v2);
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    v1 = 5;
    int v1;
    if(v1 > 0) {
        printf("4");
    }
    else {
        printf("3");
    }
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    int v1 = 5;
    if(v1 > 0) {
        printf("4");
    }
    else {
        printf("3");
    }
    float v1 = 6.5;
    printf("%f", v1);
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
    int v1 = 5;
    if(v1 > 0) {
        printf("4");
    }
    else {
        printf("3");
    }
    int v1 = 6;
    printf("%d", v1);
}

```

- 5.1 Write a C program that asks the user for a character value, then determines whether that character is an english lowercase character, an english uppercase character, or neither. Then, print out the result to the user.

Hint: Remember that it is possible to swap between int and char representation of values. You might refer to the ASCII table for the C language.

- 5.2 Write a C program that asks the user for an character value, then if the character is

uppercase; prints their lowercase counterpart, and viceversa. If the character is not an english character (uppercase or lowercase), print out an error message.